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Readiness of Business for Sustainability-Related Laws & Regulations



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The commitment to reach

Carbon Neutrality
in 2050 &

Net Zero Emissions
by 2065

Climate Change Bill - Key points

- Climate change impact/risk assessment of large-scale government projects;
- Central database on greenhouse gas emissions and areabased risk of climate change;
- Provide economic incentives to reduce GHG emissions from the private sector;
- Obligation to Collect and Report Data National greenhouse gas database will be based on data collected from the report of the business operators that are subject to other existing laws.

The European Green Deal



The commitment and goal to become the *First Climate Neutral Continent* by **2050**.



EU Carbon Border Adjustment Mechanism (CBAM) - October 2023

- Scope: imports of iron and steel, cement, fertilizers, aluminum, electricity, hydrogen and some downstream products into the EU.
- Obligations: 2023 2025, quarterly reporting of Embedded Emissions. From 2026, there will also be a requirement to purchase CBAM certificates to cover the GHG footprint.



EU Deforestation-free Regulation (EUDR)

- Scope: businesses which place specific commodities—soy, beef, palm oil, wood, cocoa, rubber and coffee and some derived products, such as leather, chocolate and furniture.
- Obligations: conduct due diligence to prove that the products are not linked to deforestation or forest degradation.



Eco-design for Sustainable Products Regulation (ESPR)

- Scope: all the physical goods placed on the EU market
- Sets new requirements and information requirements.
- Green procurement, end destruction of unsold goods.



Thank you



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